TO: The Honorable Peter A. Hammen, Chairman  
Members, Health & Government Operations Committee  
The Honorable Shawn Z. Tarrant

FROM: Joseph A. Schwartz, III  
Pamela Metz Kasemeyer  
J. Steven Wise

DATE: February 24, 2011


The Maryland State Medical Society (MedChi), which represents over 7,300 Maryland physicians and their patients, supports House Bill 736 with amendment.

House Bill 736 makes certain changes to legislation and implementing regulations concerning Electronic Health Records (EHR). In 2009, Maryland enacted landmark legislation which required state regulated payers to provide incentives to “health care providers” for the adoption of EHR. The 2009 legislation called for regulations to be proposed by the Maryland Health Care Commission (MHCC) and such regulations were proposed in 2010 but have not yet been adopted. However, these proposed regulations exclude many doctors from the incentive program and, moreover, allow insurance carriers to determine the manner in which incentives would be granted.

House Bill 736 mandates that the doctor (not the insurance carrier) could choose the form of the incentive. Specifically, it allows the doctor to be paid “up front” in cash. Many physicians, particularly small primary care practices, targeted by the 2009 law require cash in order to pay for the EHR systems in the first instance. Paying a doctor for using such a system is not much help if the doctor cannot obtain an EHR system in the first place.

The second change made by House Bill 736 is to allow all doctors and, for that matter, nurse practitioners, to be eligible for incentives. The proposed regulations now limit the doctors who qualify for the incentives as a “family, general, geriatric, internal...
medicine, pediatric, or gynecological practice…” Multiple specialties are, therefore, excluded as are any doctors in a “hospital owned” practice.

Finally, House Bill 736 appropriately exempts staff model HMOs (Kaiser Permanente) from this program. Kaiser already provides EHR to its employed doctors and there is no need to create an incentive program for non-Kaiser doctors.

Maryland’s 2009 law was landmark legislation. MedChi believes that the proposed regulations frustrate the General Assembly’s purpose in enacting that law. Insurance carriers will be financial beneficiaries of an EHR law and it proper and necessary for them to provide the necessary financing for the implementation of EHR systems.

MedChi would urge a favorable report on House Bill 736.

For more information call:
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Proposed Amendments to HB 736/SB 722

On page 2, in lines 7-9, strike ‘OTHER THAN A GROUP MODEL HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION AS DEFINED IN §19-713.6 OF THIS TITLE;”

On page 5, after line 22, insert:

“NOTHING IN THIS SECTION REQUIRES A GROUP MODEL HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION, AS DEFINED IN §19-713.6 OF THIS TITLE, TO PROVIDE ANY INCENTIVE TO A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WHO IS EMPLOYED BY THE MULTISPECIALTY GROUP OF PHYSICIANS WITH WHICH THE GROUP MODEL HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION CONTRACTS.”